

CS442 / 542

DFA Minimization

DFA Minimization

- Minimize the DFA $(D, \Sigma, \delta, d_0, D_A)$
- The algorithm builds a new machine from subsets of states of the original machine
- The algorithm first builds two subsets: the set of final states and the set of non-final states
- A subset is split if the subset has a conflict on a symbol
- A subset has a conflict on a symbol, c , when the transitions on c of two (or more) states in the subset do not go to states in the same subset.
- The algorithm halts when no subsets have conflicts (i.e. no more splits need to be done)

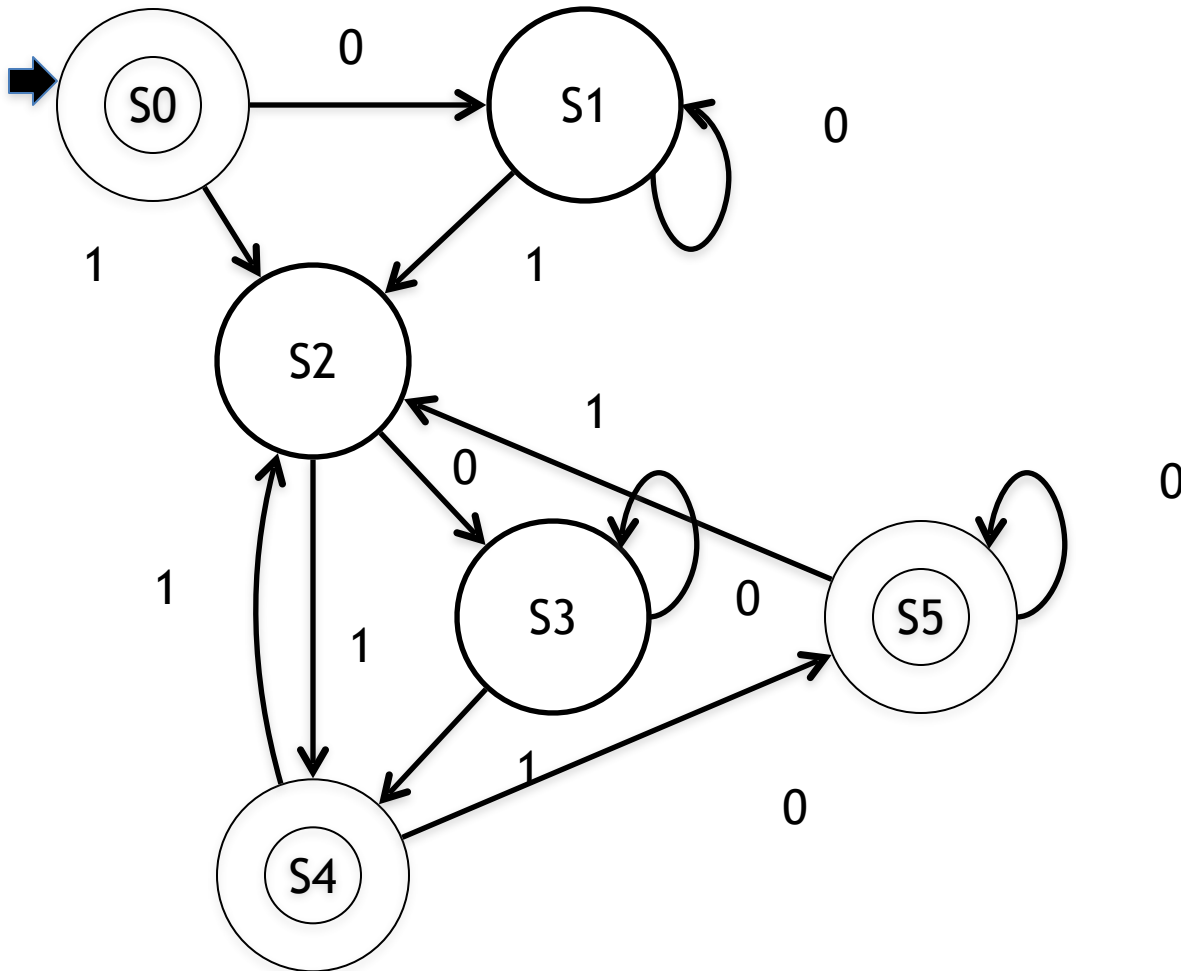
Split (S is a set of states from the original DFA)

```
Split(S) {  
    for each  $c \in \Sigma$  do  
        if c splits S into  $s_1$  and  $s_2$   
            then return  $\{s_1, s_2\}$ ;  
    end;  
    return S;  
}
```

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```
T = { DA, (D - DA) };  
P = ∅  
while ( P ≠ T ) do  
    P ← T;  
    T ← ∅;  
    for each p ∈ P do  
        T = T ∪ Split(p);  
    end;  
end;
```

DFA for $(0^*10^*10^*)^*$



DFA Minimization

- Round 1

0	S0, S4, S5	S1, S2, S3
	S1, S5, S5	S1, S3, S3

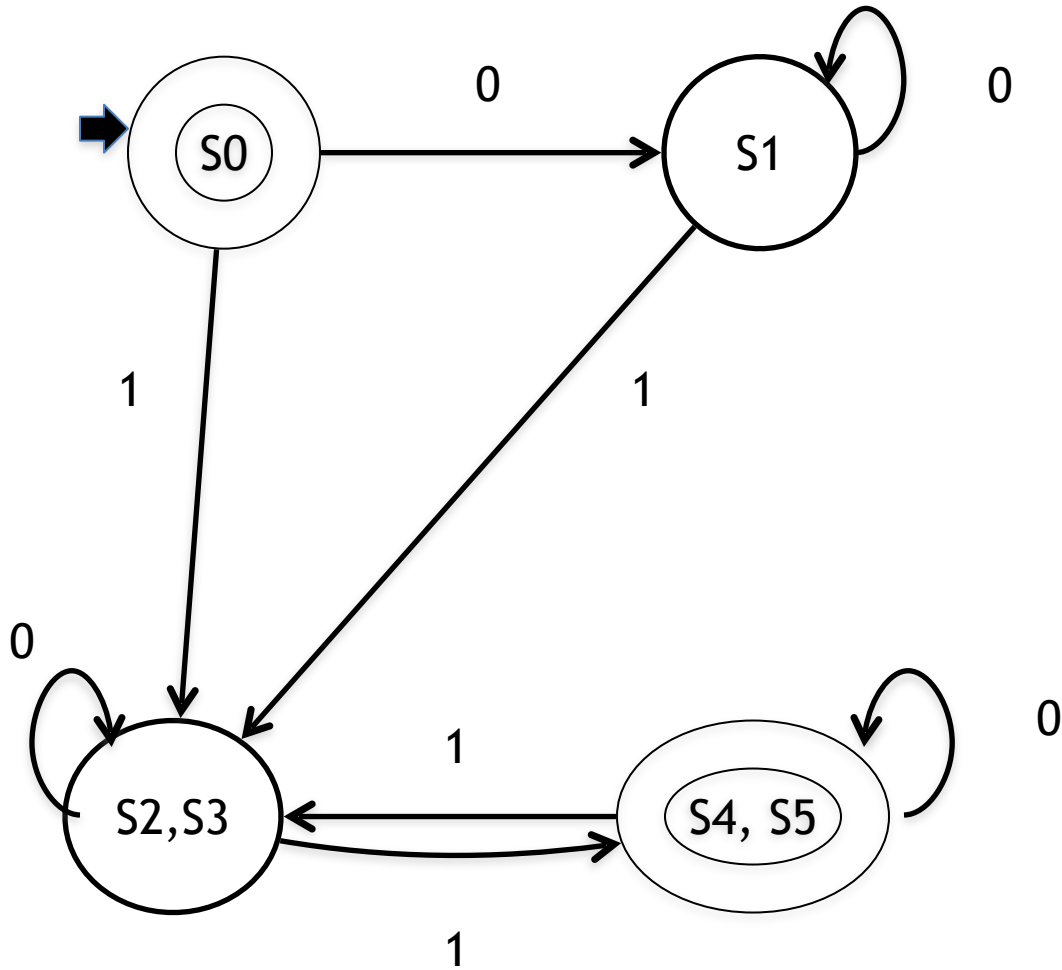
- Round 2

1	S0	S4, S5	S1, S2, S3
	S2	S2, S2	S2, S4, S4

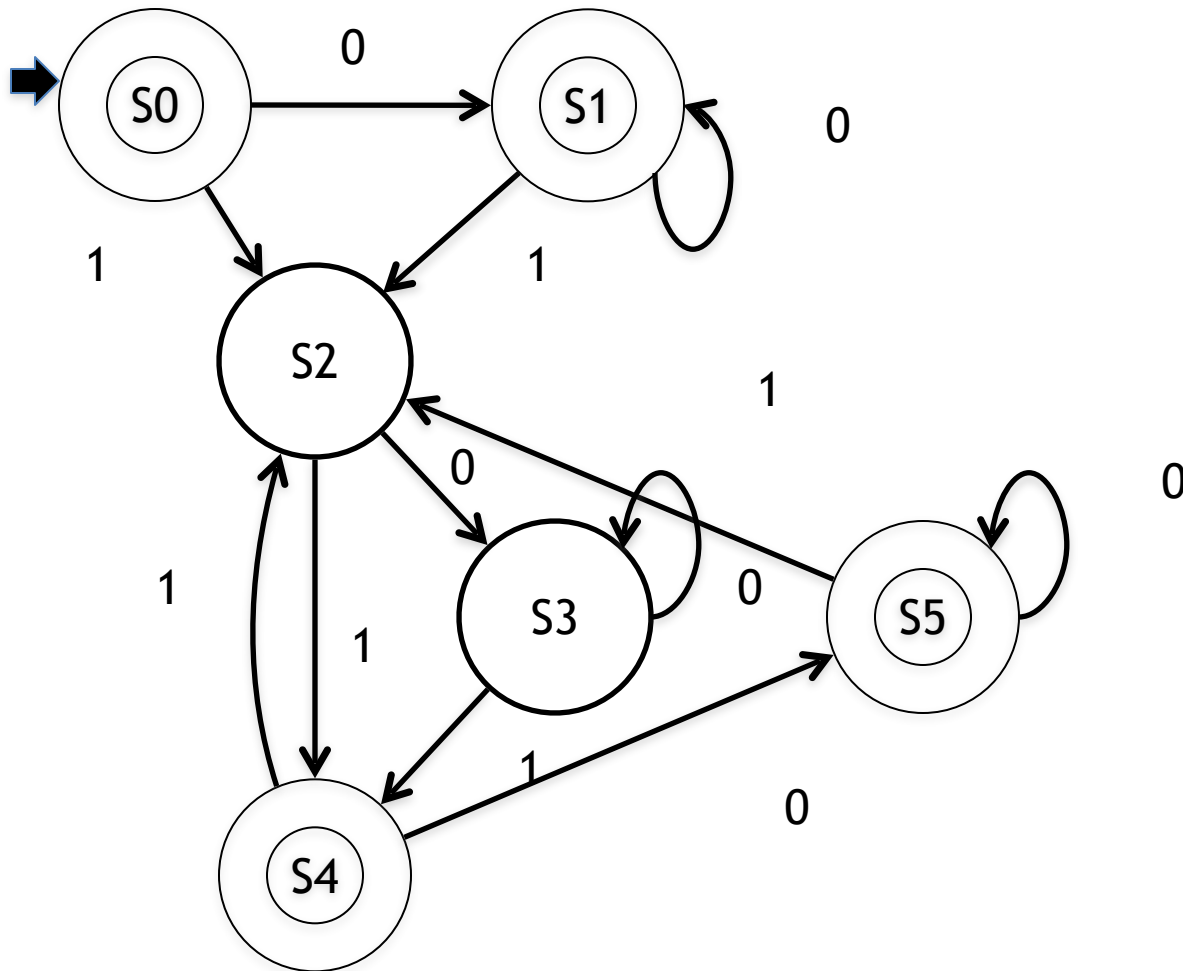
- Round 3

0	S0	S4, S5	S1	S2, S3
	S1	S5, S5	S1	S3, S3
1	S2	S2, S2	S2	S4, S4

DFA Minimization



DFA for $0^*(10^*10^*)^*$

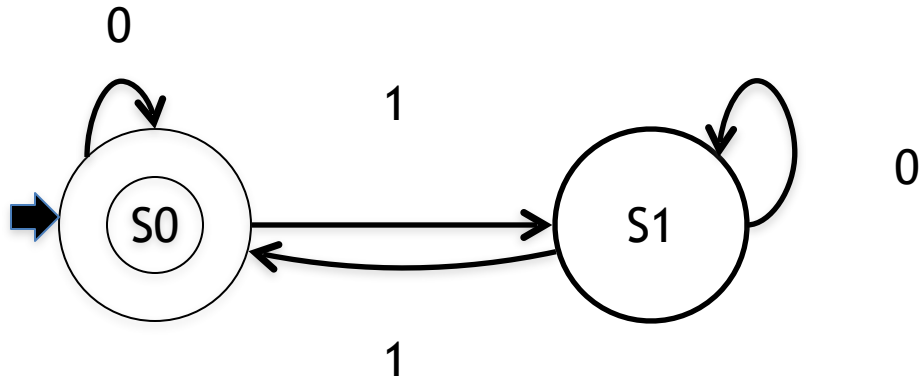


DFA Minimization

- Round 1

	S0, S1, S4, S5	S2, S3
0	S1, S1, S5, S5	S3, S3
1	S2, S2, S2, S2	S4, S4

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- Potential Problems
 - The transition function is not total
 - Dead states