

Data Types

Area of a Rectangle

```
1  /*
2     This program finds the area of a rectangle
3     @author Tom Gendreau
4  */
5  import java.io.*;
6  import java.util.*;
7
8  public class FindArea {
9      public static void main(String args[]) {
10         int length;
11         int width;
12         int area;
13         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
14         System.out.print("Enter the length of the rectangle: ");
15         length = input.nextInt();
16         System.out.print("Enter the width of the rectangle: ");
17         width = input.nextInt();
18         area = length*width;
19         System.out.println("The area of the rectangle is "+area+".");
20
21     }
22 }
```

Input and Output I/O

- Input
 - Standard in
 - System.in
- Output
 - Standard out
 - System.out
 - System.out.println
 - System.out.print
 - System.out.printf
-

Primitive Data types

- Data types
 - Values
 - Operations
- int
 - Integers between -2147483648 and 2147483647 (-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$)
- double
 - Floating point numbers +/- 4.94065645841246544e-324 to 1.79769313486231570e+308
- char
 - Single characters
 - Character codes

Primitive Data Types

- Constants
 - int
 - 10, 312
 - double
 - 473.458, 10.0
 - 4.73458E2
 - char
 - 'a', 'A', '*', '\n'

Primitive Data Types

- int and double operation (these are only some of the operations)
 - Unary minus -
 - Multiplication *
 - Division /
 - Remainder % (int only)
 - Addition +
 - Subtraction -

Primitive Data Types

- int and double
- Precedence and associativity (order of operations)
 - - (unary minus) (right associative)
 - *, /, % (left associative)
 - +, - (left associative)
- Parentheses

Classes and Objects

- Class
 - A container for code
 - A template that defines the data and operations for all objects of a particular type
- An object is an instance of class
- String
 - A finite sequence of characters
- Scanner
 - An simple text processor that can parse primitive data types and strings
 - Initially we will use it to get user input from standard in

Scanner

- Creating a Scanner
 - Scanner input = new Scanner(system.in)
- Scanner methods
 - nextInt
 - nextDouble
 - nextLine
 - next

String

- Constant
 - ""
 - "abc", "aBc", "x"
 - String constants are different then char constants
- Creating a string object
 - `String s = new String("a1");`
 - `String x = "214";`
- Operations
 - + (concatenation)
 - `charAt`
 - `compareTo`
 - `length`